# Thyristor-Power Controller PMA-Relay S 2PH 

 from 300A to 800A User Manual

## A publication of:

## PMA

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With special versions, additional ordering options or due to the latest technical modifications, the actual scope of delivery may vary from the descriptions and drawings in this manual. For questions, please, contact the manufacturer.

Before starting to work with the instrument and before commissioning, in particular, these operating instructions must be read carefully! The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for damage and trouble resulting from failure to comply with the information given in this manual.

This product may be subject to change due to improvements of the product features in the course of further development.

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This operating manual should be considered as confidential information, intended only for persons who work with the instrument.
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## 1. Important warnings for safety

This chapter contains important information for the safety. The not observance of these instructions may result in serious personal injury or death and can cause serious damages to the Thyristor unit and to the components system included.
The installation should be performed by qualified persons.
In the manual are used symbols to give more evidence at the notes of safety and operativity for the attention for the user:

| 4 | This icon is present in all the operational procedures where the Improper operation may result in serious personal injury or death by Electrical Shock Hazard Symbol (a lightning bolt in a triangle) precedes an electric shock hazard CAUTION or WARNING safety statement. |
| :---: | :---: |
| \% | Warning or Hazard that needs further explanation than the label on unit can provide. Consult User's Guide for further information. |
| C $\epsilon$ | Unit is compliant with European Union directives. See Declaration of Conformity for further details on Directives and Standards used for Compliance. |
|  | If available, unit is a Listed device per Underwriters Laboratories. It has been investigated to ANSI/UL® 508 standards for Industrial Control Switches and equivalent to CSA C22.2 \#14. <br> For more detail search for File E505847 on www.ul.com |
| 依 | ESD Sensitive product, use proper grounding and handling techniques when installing or servicing product. |
| 7n | Do not throw in trash, use proper recycling techniques or consult manufacturer for proper disposal. |

A "NOTE" marks a short message to alert you to an important detail.

A "CAUTION" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting your equipment and performance. Be especially careful to read and follow all cautions that apply to your application.

A "WARNING" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting you, others and equipment
from damage. Pay very close attention to all warnings that apply to your application.

### 1.1. Safety notes



WARNING! To avoid damage to property and equipment, injury and loss of life, adhere to applicable electrical codes and standard wiring practices when installing and operating this product. Failure to do so could result in damage, injury and death.


WARNING! All service including inspection, installation, wiring, maintenance, troubleshooting, fuse or other user serviceable component replacement must be performed only by properly qualified personnel. Service personnel must read this manual before proceeding with work. While service is being performed unqualified personnel should not work on the unit or be allowed in the immediate vicinity.


WARNING! When in use the power controller is connected to dangerous voltages. Do not remove the protective covers without first disconnecting and preventing power from being restored while servicing the unit.


WARNING! Do not use in aerospace or nuclear applications.

WARNING! The power controller's protection rating is IP20 with all covers installed and closed. It must be installed in an enclosure that provides all the necessary additional protections appropriate for the environment and application.

WARNING! Ground the power controller via the provided protective earth grounding terminal. Verify ground is within impedance specifications. This should be verified periodically.

WARNING! Electric Shock Hazard: when the power controller has been energized, after shutting off the power, wait at least one minute for internal capacitors to discharge before commencing work that brings you in to contact with power connections or internal components.
WARNING! The installation must be protected by electromagnetic circuit breakers or by fuses. The semiconductor fuses located inside the power controller are classified for UL as supplementary protection for semiconductor devices. They are not approved for branch circuit protection.

WARNING! When making live voltage or current measurements, use proper personal protective equipment for the voltages and arc-flash potentials involved.

WARNING! Verify the voltage and current ratings of the power controller are correct for the application.

CAUTION: To avoid compromising the insulation, do not bend wire or other components beyond their bend radius specifications.

CAUTION: Protect the power controller from high temperature, humidity and vibrations.
CAUTION: The power controller warranty is void if the tested and approved fuses are not used.

CAUTION: Only trained and authorized personnel should access and handle the internal electronics and they must follow proper electro-static prevention procedures.

CAUTION: Install an appropriately sized RC filter across contactor coils, relays and other inductive loads.

CAUTION: The thyristor units here described have been designed for use with sinusoidal networks with nominal frequency $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Any application with NON-SINUSOIDAL, distorted or disturbed networks could compromise the correct operation of the unit.

NOTE: Provide a local disconnect to isolate the power controller for servicing.

NOTE: The nominal current is specified for ambient temperatures at or below $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Ensure the application design allows for adequate cooling of each power controller. The power controller must be mounted vertically. The cooling design must prevent air heated by one power controller from causing power controllers mounted above to exceed the ambient operating temperature limit. When power controllers are mounted side by side allow a minimum spacing of 15 mm between them.

NOTE: Use only copper cables and wires rated for use at $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or greater.

## 2. Maintenance

In order to have a corrected cooling, the user must clean the heat-sink and the protective grill of the fans.
The frequency of this servicing depends on environmental pollution.
Also check periodically if the screw for the power cables and safety earth are tightened correctly (See Connection Diagram)

## 3. Basic Connections

Star wiring with resistive load (control on two phases)
$I=\frac{P}{1,73 V}$
$\mathrm{V}=$ Nominal voltage of the load
I = Nominal current of the load
P = Nominal power of the load


Delta wiring with resistive load (control on two phases)
$I=\frac{P}{1,73 \mathrm{~V}}$
$V=$ Nominal voltage of the load
I = Nominal current of the load
P = Nominal power of the load


## 4. Identification and Order Code

### 4.1. Identification of the unit



Caution: Before to install, make sure that the Thyristor unit have not damages. If the product has a fault, please contact the dealer from which you purchased the product.

The identification label give all the information regarding the factory settings of the Thyristor unit, this label is on the unit, like represented in figure.
Verify that the product is the same thing as ordered.


## 5. Order Code



## 6. Technical Specifications

### 6.1. General features

| Cover and Socket material | PolymericV2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Utilization Category | AC-51 AC-55b AC-56A |
| IP Code | 20 |
| Method of Connecting | Load in Delta, Load in Star |
| Auxiliary voltage: (8 VA Max) <br> Order code RS2_ _ - _1 = line voltage 100/120V voltage range 90:135V <br> Order code RS2__ _-_2 = line voltage 200/208/220/230/240V voltage range 180:265V <br> Order code RS2_ _ _ - 3 = line voltage 277 voltage range 238:330V <br> Order code RS2 _ _ -_5 = line voltage 380/400/415/440/480V voltage range 342:528V <br> Order code RS2_ _ - _ 6 = line voltage 600V voltage range 540:759V <br> Order code RS2_ _ - 7 = line voltage 690 V voltage range 540:759V |  |
| Relay output for Heater Break Alarm (only with HB option) | 0.5A a 125VAC |

### 6.2. Input features

| Analog Input V | $0 \div 10 \mathrm{Vdc}(15 \mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog Input A | $0 \div 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 4 \div 20 \mathrm{~mA}(100 \Omega)$ |
| POT | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. |
| Digital Input | $4 \div 30 \mathrm{Vdc} 5 \mathrm{~mA}$ Max (ON $>4 \mathrm{Vdc}$ OFF <1Vdc) <br>  $\mathrm{3HZ}$ Max duty cycle min. 100 ms |

### 6.3. Output features (power device)

| Current | Nominal <br> Voltage <br> range <br> (Ue) | Repetitive peak <br> reverse voltage <br> (Uimp) |  | Latching <br> current | Max peak <br> one cycle | Leakage <br> current | FUSE I2T <br> value <br> Suggested <br> A2s (at500V) | Frequency <br> range | Power loss <br> Thyristor <br> + <br> Fuse | Isolation <br> Voltage <br> (Ui) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(\mathrm{A})$ | $(\mathrm{V})$ | $(480 \mathrm{~V})$ | $(600 \mathrm{~V})$ | (mAeff) | $(10 \mathrm{msec}$.) <br> (A) | (mAeff) | tp <br> $=10 \mathrm{msec}$. | $(\mathrm{Hz})$ | I=Inom (W) | $(\mathrm{V})$ |
| 300 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 200 | 7800 | 15 | 73500 | $47 \div 70$ | 903 | 3000 |
| 400 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 200 | 7800 | 15 | 149000 | $47 \div 70$ | 1092 | 3000 |
| 450 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 200 | 7800 | 15 | 215600 | $47 \div 70$ | 1259 | 3000 |
| 500 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 1000 | 8000 | 15 | 215600 | $47 \div 70$ | 1407 | 3000 |
| 600 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 1000 | 17800 | 15 | 294000 | $47 \div 70$ | 1528 | 3000 |
| 700 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 1000 | 17800 | 15 | 294000 | $47 \div 70$ | 1753 | 3000 |
| 800 | $24 \div 600$ | 1200 | 1600 | 1000 | 15000 | 15 | 246400 | $47 \div 70$ | 2281 | 2500 |

### 6.4. Fan Specification

| Supply |  | Size | Number of fans | Number of fans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $230 \mathrm{Vac}$ <br> Standard | S14 | 300A, 400A, 500A, 600A | Two Fans 32W ( $2 \times 16 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | Four Fans 64W (4 x 16W) |
|  | S14 | 450A, 700A | Four Fans 64W (4x16W) | Four Fans 64W ( $4 \times 16 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
|  | S16 | 800A | Four Fans 64W ( $4 \times 16 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | Four Fans 64W ( $4 \times 16 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
| 115 Vac <br> Option | S14 | 300A, 400A, 500A, 600A | Two Fans 28W ( $2 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | Four Fans 56W ( $4 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
|  | S14 | 450A, 700A | Four Fans 56W ( $4 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | Four Fans 56W ( $4 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
|  | S16 | 800A | Four Fans 56W (4x14W) | Four Fans 56W ( $4 \times 14 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
| 24Vac <br> Option | S14 | 300A, 400A, 500A, 600A | Two Fans 14W ( $2 \times 7 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | Four Fans 28W ( $4 \times 7 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
|  | S14 | 450A, 700A | Four Fans 28W ( $4 \times 7 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | Four Fans 28W ( $4 \times 7 \mathrm{~W}$ ) |
|  | S16 | 800A | Four Fans 28W (4x7W) | Four Fans 28W (4x 7W) |

### 6.5. Environmental installation conditions

| Ambient temperature | $0-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32-104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ at nominal current. <br> Over $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ use the derating curve. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Storage temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> $-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| Installation place | Don't install at direct sun light, where there are conductive dust, corrosive gas, <br> vibration or water and also in salty environmental. |
| Altitude | Up to 1000 meter over sea level. <br> For higher altitude reduce the nominal current of $2 \%$ for each 100 m over 1000m |
| Humidity | From 5 to $95 \%$ without condense and ice |
| Pollution Level | Up to 2nd Level ref. IEC 60947-16.1.3.2 |

### 6.6. Derating Curve

The nominal current of the units in specification are referred to continuos service at 40 ambient temperature.
For higher temperature multiply the nominal current times derating coefficient $K$ as represented in the graph.


### 6.7. Calculating flow capacity of the fan

All the thyristor units when are in conduction produces power loss that is dissipated inside cubicle in terms of heating. Due to this fact the internal temperature of cubicle is higher than ambient temperature. To be cooled the thyristor need of fresh air cooling and to do it is normally used a fan mounted on the front door or on the roof of the cabinet. Procedure to size Fan air mass flow (V): see power loss for each thyristor and fuse mounted indicated in the manual related to the current (Output feature and Internal fuse Chapter).

|  | $\mathbf{Q v}=$total power losses $(\mathrm{w})$ <br> (thyristor + fuse power loss) | Altitude |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{f} * \frac{\mathrm{Qv}}{\text { tc }-\mathrm{ta}}$ | ta $=$ ambient temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0: 100$ meters $\mathrm{f}=3,1 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{Wh}$ |  |
| tc | $=$ cabinet temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $100: 250$ meters $\mathrm{f}=3,2 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{Wh}$ |  |
|  | $\mathbf{V}$ | $=$ fan air mass flow $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ | $250: 500$ meters $\mathrm{f}=3,3 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{Wh}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{f}$ | $=$ altitude coefficient (see table on right) | $500: 750$ meters $\mathrm{f}=3,4 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{Wh}$ |

The formulas used are for information only and is not a substitute for a proper thermal rating done by a qualified person

## 7. Installation

Before to install, make sure that the Thyristor unit have not damages.
If the product has a fault, please contact the dealer from which you purchased the product. Verify that the product is the same thing as ordered.
The Thyristor unit must be always mounted in vertical position to improve air cooling on heat-sink.
Maintain the minimum distances (*) in vertical and in horizontal as represented, this area must be free from obstacle (wire, copper bar, plastic channel).
When more unit has mounted inside the cabinet maintain the air circulation like represented in figure without obstacle for the air flow. Is necessary to install a fan to have better air circulation as calculated previously.


The V Air flow must be equal or more than the value calculated. If the cabinet fan mounted by the customer have an air flow lower than the correct value the warranty will decay.

### 7.1. Dimensions and weight



| Relay S 2PH | Width | Height | Depth | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $300 \mathrm{~A}-700 \mathrm{~A}($ S14 $)$ | 262 mm | 520 mm | 270 mm | 22.5 kg |
| $800 \mathrm{~A}($ S16 $)$ | 275 mm | 560 mm | 270 mm | 22.5 kg |

### 7.2. Fixing holes

Relay S 2PH 300A - 700A (S14)


Relay S 2PH 800A (S16)


## 8. Wiring instructions

The Thyristor unit could be susceptible to interferences lost by near equipments or by the power supply, for this reason in accord to the fundamental practices rules is opportune take some precautions:

- The coil contactor, the relays and other inductive loads must be equipped with opportune RC filter.
- Use shielded bipolar cables for all the input and output signals.
- The signal cables must not be near and parallel to the power cables.
- Local regulations regarding electrical installation should be rigidly observed.

Use copper cables and wires rated for use at $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ only.

### 8.1. Removing the cover

Instructions for open the thyristor unit

8.2. Line power and Load cable/bar dimensions and torque (suggested)

| Current | Connector Type | Torque |  | Cable |  |  | Cable Terminal | Bar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Lb-in | Nm | AWG | mm ${ }^{2}$ | kcmil |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 300A } \\ & \text { (S14) } \end{aligned}$ | Power field wiring Bus Bar with M10 screw | 265 | 30.0 | 2×1/0 | 2x70 | 350 | UL Listed (ZMVV) Copper Tube Crimp. Lug | $30 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 400 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (S14) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 2x3/0 | 2x95 | 600 |  | $30 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 450A } \\ & \text { (S14) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 2x4/0 | 2x95 | 700 |  | $30 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 500A } \\ & \text { (S14) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | - | 2x150 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 250 \\ 900 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | 60x4 mm |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 600A } \\ & \text { (S14) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | - | 2x185 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 350 \\ 1500 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $60 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 700A } \\ & \text { (S14) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | - | 2x300 | 2x500 |  | $60 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 800 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (S16) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | - | 2x300 | 2x500 |  | $60 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

### 8.3. Cable dimensions (suggested) of Earth and of the Command Terminals

| Current | Earth |  |  | Command Terminals Cable |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cable |  | Schraube |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | AWG |  | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | AWG |
| 300A (S14) | 50 | 1 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |
| 400A (S14) | 50 | 1 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |
| 450A (S14) | 70 | 1/0 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |
| 500A (S14) | 70 | 1/0 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |
| 600A (S14) | 70 | 1/0 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |
| 700A (S14) | 70 | 1/0 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |
| 800A (S16) | 70 | 1/0 | M8 | 0,50 | 18 |

### 8.4. Terminals Positions

Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.


### 8.5. Power Terminals

4 Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

Relay S 2PH 300-700A

| Terminal | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| L1 | Line Input Phase 1 |
| L2 | Line Input Phase 2 (only S14) |
| L3 | Line Input Phase 3 |
| T1 | Load Output Phase 1 |
| T2 | Load Output Phase 2 - <br> Not controlled by the thyristor (only S14) |
| T3 | Load Output Phase 3 |



Bar dimensions S14

| Current | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300A (S14) | 71 mm | 60 mm | 45 mm | 57 mm | 30 mm | - | 350 mm | 174 mm | M10 |
| 400A (S14) | 71 mm | 60 mm | 45 mm | 57 mm | 30 mm | - | 350 mm | 174 mm | M10 |
| 450A (S14) | 71 mm | 60 mm | 45 mm | 57 mm | 30 mm | - | 350 mm | 174 mm | M10 |
| 500A (S14) | 71 mm | 60 mm | 45 mm | 57 mm | 30 mm | - | 350 mm | 174 mm | M10 |
| 600A (S14) | 54 mm | 76 mm | 21 mm | 37 mm | 66 mm | 35 mm | 390 mm | 165 mm | M10 |
| $700 \mathrm{~A}($ S14 $)$ | 54 mm | 76 mm | 21 mm | 37 mm | 66 mm | 35 mm | 390 mm | 165 mm | M10 |



### 8.6. Control Terminals

Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

### 8.6.1. terminal block M1

| Terminal M1 | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | NO - Normally Open contact alarm relay output (HB) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | C - Common contact alarm relay output |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | NC - Normally Close contact alarm relay output (HB) |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Not Connected |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | DI 2 - Enable Digital Input |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | DI 1-Configurable Input |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Not Connected |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Not Connected |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Output +10Vdc stabilized 1 mA MAX |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | OV GND |


| Terminal M1 | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | - Analog Input 1 (0-10Vdc/4-20mA Analog Setpoint) |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | + Analog Input 1 (0-10Vdc/4-20mA Analog Setpoint) |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | COM I - Common Digital Input |
| 14 | Not Connected |
| 15 | Fan supply (230V Standard - 115 Option - for DC Fan Option +24Vdc) |
| 16 | Fan supply (230V Standard - 115 Option - for DC Fan Option -24Vdc) |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | Not Connected |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | Aux - Voltage Supply for electronic boards and synchronization (See order code for the Value) |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | Not Connected |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Aux - Voltage Supply for electronic boards and synchronization (See order code for the Value) |

### 8.6.2. terminal block M2

| Terminal M2 | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 24V Out Max 5mA |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Slave Output |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Not Connected |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | OV GND |

### 8.7. Schematic

Caution: this procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.


## Note:

*1 The user installation must be protecting by electromagnetic circuit breaker or by fuse isolator.
The Fuse must be branch circuit protection. For UL any listed UL branch circuit fuse would be acceptable as an external fuse, following national electric code guide for resistive heating of $125 \%$ load current rating to protect external wires.
*2 The auxiliary voltage supply of the Relay $S$ unit must be synchronized with load voltage power supply. If the Auxiliary Voltage (written on the identification label) is different from Supply Voltage (to the load), use an external transformer as designated.
*3 For SSR input connection follow next page schematic.

### 8.7.1. SSR Control Input schematic

For SSR input use follow the schematic below and configure Digital Input 1 as Fast Enable.


### 8.8. Connection Diagram for 3 phases (control on 2 phases)

Caution: this procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.


4
Note: Aux Voltage and Load Voltage must be synchronized

## X = not connected

*1 The user installation must be protecting by electromagnetic circuit breaker or by fuse isolator. The Fuse must be branch circuit protection. For UL any listed UL branch circuit fuse would be acceptable as an external fuse, following national electric code guide for resistive heating of $125 \%$ load current rating to protect external wires.

## Load Type



### 8.9. Led status and alarms

| LED | Status | Beschreibung |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EN | LED Flashing |  |
|  | LED ON | Enable Signal to terminal |
| ON | LED OFF | Load is NOT powered |
|  | LED ON | LED OFF |
|  | LED ON | Load is powered |
|  | LED Flashing |  |
| HB | LED OFF | SCR short circuit (only with HB option) |
|  | LED ON |  |



## Input type informations

## Burst Firing informations



## 9. Heater Break alarm and SCR short circuit (HB Option only)

## 4.

Caution: to work properly the load must be powered at least about 160 msec .
The Heater Break circuit read the load current with an Internal current transformer (C.T.). Minimum current is $10 \%$ of the current transformer size. If load current is below this value the Heater Break Alarm doesn't work properly.

### 9.1. Heater break Calibration procedure

An automatic function sets the Heater Break Alarm.
The auto setting function can be activated by pressing the keys + + + s simultaneously for 4 seconds.

The Heater Break calibration procedure is performed in this way:

- The Unit gives the maximum voltage output
- The leds light up in sequence until the procedure is completed
- The current and voltage value is stored in memory
- After about 15 second the unit comes back to the initial situation

If load resistance increase more than $20 \%$ (sensitivity 20\%) the HB LED become ON and alarm relay change status.
If the unit is still in conduction with no input signal (ON LED OFF) it means that there is a short circuit on thyristors and SC LED become ON.
If the load has been changed the Heater Break calibration procedure must be done again.
The HB Alarm is detected with minimum ON time 100 ms

## 10. Input Setting

The Input type is already configured in line with customer requirements that are defined in the order code. However, if you need to to make changes you must follow the following procedure.


## 11. Burst Firing settings

The Burst Firing cycles is already configured in line with customer requirements that are defined in the Order Code. However, if you wish to change the Burst Firing cycles (es. from 4 to 8) you must follow the following procedure.


## 12. Firing type

Choose a correct firing type allows to optimize the thyristor unit for the installed load.
The firing type has already configured in line with customer requirements, Zero Crossing for SSR input and Burst firing for Analog Input.


Caution: this procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.

### 12.1. Zero Crossing (for SSR Input only)

ZC firing mode is used with Logic Output from temperature controllers and the Thyristor operates like a contactor.
The Cycle time is performed by temperature controller. ZC minimizes interferences because the Thyristor unit switches ON-OFF at zero voltage.


### 12.2. Burst Firing (for Analog Input option only)

The Burst Firing is similar to the Single Cycle, but consecutive cycles ON are selectable between 1 and 255 , with input signal equal at $50 \%$. When is specified 1 the firing type is Single Cycle.
Burst Firing is a method zero crossing that it reduces the electromagnetic interferences because the thyristor switches at zero voltage crossing.
The example show the Burst Firing with Burst cycles: 4.


## 13. Supply the electronic board

The Relay S thyristor unit, to work, requires a voltage supply for the electronic boards. The Max consumption is 8 VA . The voltage supply for the electronic boards is configured in line with customer requirements that are defined in the Order Code. The Order Code is written on the identification label.

Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

| Terminal M1 | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | Voltage Supply for Electronic Boards (Auxiliary Voltage) |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | Not Used |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Voltage Supply for Electronic Boards (Auxiliary Voltage) |

To change auxiliary supply voltage sold the correct link-jumper on Relay S board, the type of mounted transformer depends of the chosen Voltage in the order code.


| Order Code | As ordered |  | Change in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jumper JP1 und JP2 gesteckt |  | Link only Jumper JP3 |  |
|  | Transformer range | Line voltage | Transformer range | Line voltage |
| RC2__-_ 1... | 90...135V | 100/120V | 180...265V | 200/208/220/230/240V |
| RC2__-_- $2 . .$. | $180 . . .265 \mathrm{~V}$ | 200/208/220/230/240V | 342...528V | 380/400/415/440/480V |
| RC2___-_3... | 238...330V | 277V | 540...759V | 600/690V |
|  | Only Jumper JP3 is linked |  | Link Jumper JP1 and JP2 |  |
| RC2___-_5... | 342...528V | 380/400/415/440/480V | 180...265V | 200/208/220/230/240V |
| RC2__--6... | 540...759V | 600 V | 238...330V | 277V |
| RC2___-_7... | 540...759V | 690 V | 238...330V | 277 V |

If the Auxiliary Voltage (written on the identification label) is different from Supply Voltage (to the load), use an external transformer with primary equal to load voltage and secondary equal to the Auxiliary Voltage.
Attention! never link all the jumpers JP1+JP2+JP3 at the same time or JP3 + any other jumper, JP3 must be always alone, follow only the configuration shown.

## 14. Internal Fuse

The thyristor unit have internal fuse extrarapid at low $I^{2} t$ for the thyristor protection of against the short-circuits. The Fuses must have $I^{2} t 20 \%$ less than thyristor's $I^{2} t$. The warranty of thyristor is null if no proper fuses are used.

| Size | 200 kA RMS Symmetrical A.I.C. |  |  |  |  | Qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fuse CODE | Current <br> (A RMS) | FUSE ${ }^{2}{ }^{2} T$ value Suggested $\mathrm{A}^{2}$ S (at500V)* | FUSE $I^{2} T$ value Suggested $\mathrm{A}^{2}$ s (at660V) | Vac |  |
| 300A (S14) | FMM450 | 450 | 73500 | 105000 | 660 | 3 |
| 400A (S14) | FMM550 | 550 | 149000 | 215000 | 660 | 3 |
| 450A (S14) | $2 \times \mathrm{FM} 315$ | $2 \times 315$ | 215600 | 308000 | 660 | 3 |
| 500A (S14) | $2 \times$ FM315 | $2 \times 315$ | 215600 | 308000 | 660 | 3 |
| 600A (S14) | $2 \times \mathrm{FMM} 450$ | $2 \times 450$ | 294000 | 420000 | 660 | 2 |
| 700A (S14) | $2 \times \mathrm{FMM} 450$ | $2 \times 450$ | 294000 | 420000 | 660 | 2 |
| 800A (S16) | $4 \times 2055920.250$ | $4 \times 250$ | 246400 | 352000 | 660 | 2 |



* $I^{2} \mathrm{~T}$ are multiplied for K value in function of Vac at 500 V K is equal to 0.7
(ex: $105000 \times 0,7=73500$ ). At 660 Vac K is equal to 1 .

Fuses replacement: Open the cover and remove the screws, then replace it with the correct fuse, use the screws with a proper suggested torque indicated below

| Type | Screw | Torque <br> Lb-in (N-m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $300-800 \mathrm{~A}$ | M8 | $133.7(15.0)$ |

Caution: High speed fuses are used only for the thyristor protection and can not be used to protect the installation.

Caution: The warranty of thyristor is null if no proper fuses are used. See tab.
Warning: When it is supply, the Thyristor unit is subject to dangerous voltage, don't open the Fuse-holder module and don't touch the electric equipments.
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